

LEARN these words and what they mean:

a) **Prime numbers:**

The only factors of these numbers are one and the number itself.

e.g. $1 \times 2 = 2$ $1 \times 3 = 3$ $1 \times 5 = 5$ $1 \times 23 = 23$

Prime numbers can only be arranged into a *stick*:

e.g. • • • • • • • 1 x 7 • • • • • • • • • • • • • 1 x 13

(1 is NOT a prime number)

b) Composite numbers:

These numbers have more factors than 1 and the number itself:

e.g. $4 = 1 \times 4$ and 2×2 $12 = 1 \times 12$ and 2×6 and 3×4

c) **Even numbers:**

These numbers can be divided by two and leave no remainder

Even numbers always end in 0, 2, 4, 6, or 8

d) Odd numbers:

These leave a remainder if divided by 2 . e.g. $7 \div 2 = 3 \text{ r } 1$

Odd numbers always end in 1, 3, 5, 7, or 9

Remember: $E + E = E$ $O + O = E$ $E + O = O$
(E = even O = odd)


e) Square numbers:

e.g.

.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.

 4 x 4

f) Rectangular numbers:


 3×5

Square numbers are also *rectangular* numbers.

All composite numbers are rectangular numbers

g) $3 \times 9 = 27$
Factor *times* Factor = Product